SEMINAR ON MAGNETISM AND SUPERCONDUCTIVITY

We kindly inform You that on Wednesday

March 6th at 10:00

there will be a seminar in room 203, building I

where

MSc. Takayuki Hojo

(Department of Applied Physics, Graduate School of Engineering, Tohoku University, Sendai, Miyagi 980-8579, Japan)

will deliver a lecture on:

"Half-metallic Co₂FeAl_xSi_{1-x} thin films with a small magneto-crystalline anisotropy K_1 for highly sensitive tunnel magnetoresistance sensor application"

A tunnel magnetoresistance (TMR) sensor based on magnetic tunnel junctions (MTJs) is a highly sensitive magnetic sensor workable at room temperature. Due to the dramatic increase in sensitivity achieved in recent years, the developed TMR sensors have succeed in measuring a bio-magnetic fields. The sensitivity of TMR sensors is determined from the slope of the magnetoresistance curve around zero magnetic field, thus both high TMR ratio and small magneto-crystalline anisotropy are required. In order to improve the sensitivity of TMR sensors, we have focused on Co-based Heusler alloy $Co_2FeAl_xSi_{1-x}$ as a free layer in TMR sensor. This is because MTJs with $Co_2FeAl_xSi_{1-x}$ electrode is promising for gaining a high TMR ratio due to its half-metallicity. On the other hand, their magneto-crystalline anisotropy has not been investigated so far. In this study, we have fabricated monocrystalline Co-based Heusler alloy Co₂FeAl_xSi_{1-x} thin films by co-sputtering method. Systematic investigation of their atomic ordering and magneto-crystalline anisotropy K_1 as a function of the Al component x was performed. Thickness of studied layers was kept constant as 50 nm. Magneto-crystalline anisotropy constant K_1 changed from positive to negative with increase of x, and it was almost zero around x = 0.33. At the same time for this composition, B2 ordering parameter was 0.7 and $L2_1$ ordering parameter was 0.3. These results are indicating that $Co_2FeAl_xSi_{1-x}$ thin film with around x = 0.33 possesses both half-metallicity and small magneto-crystalline anisotropy K_1 so it can be ideal candidate to be used as a free layer in highly sensitive TMR sensors.

The seminar will be given in English on-site in room 203, though the ZOOM transmission will be available - link is provided on the IP PAS website.

We sincerely invite You

Roman Puźniak / Andrzej Szewczyk / Henryk Szymczak